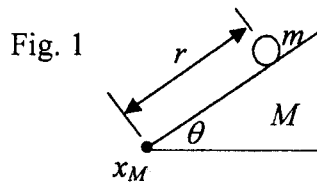
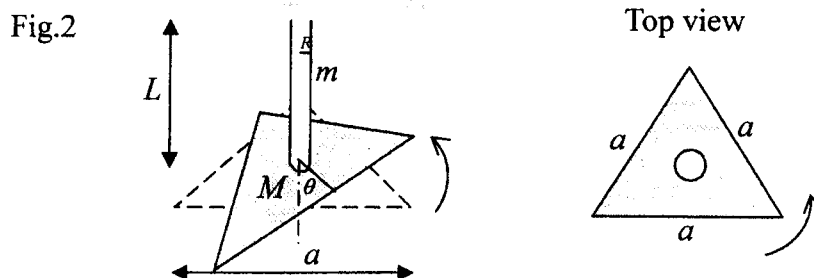


本試題是否可以使用計算機： 可使用， 不可使用（請命題老師勾選）

1. A cylinder of radius  $R$  and mass  $m$  goes down on a wedge of angle  $\theta$  and mass  $M$  that can move without friction on a smooth horizontal surface as shown in Fig.1. Find the equations of motion (i.e.  $r(t)$  and  $x_M(t)$ ) for the cylinder and wedge when the cylinder is (a)(15%) slipping without rolling (b) (10%) rolling without slipping down the incline.



2. An equilateral triangle of mass  $M$  and side length  $a$  is suspended by a wire of mass  $m$ , length  $L$  and radius  $R$  from the ceiling. The central axis of the wire passes through the center of mass of the triangle. (a) (10%) Find the moment of inertia of this equilateral triangle. (b) (10%) Prove that  $\tau = -\kappa\theta$ ,  $\kappa = \pi R^4 S / 2L$  where  $S$  is the shear modulus of this wire. (c) (5%) The oscillation frequency.



3. (25%) Prove that the Hamiltonian of a particle of mass  $m$  under the electromagnetic field is  $H = \frac{|\mathbf{p} - q\mathbf{A}|^2}{2m} + q\phi$ . If this particle is under the static electromagnetic field, we can get  $\frac{1}{2}mv^2 + q\phi = E = \text{constant}$  from  $\int \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} = -q\Delta\phi = \Delta T$ . Is it a conflict between  $H$  and  $E$ ?
4. (25%) An object in equilibrium consists of three balls of mass  $m$  connected by springs of length  $b$  and spring constant  $k$ , as shown in Fig.4. At time  $t=0$ , a small ball of mass  $m/2$  and speed  $v$  collides with this object. If the collision time is very short and all the motions are just in one dimension, find the equations of motion of this object. (i.e.  $x_1(t), x_2(t), x_3(t)$ )

