

Do any five of six problems, each 20%.

1. (a) Graph $y = \frac{\ln x}{x}$, ($x > 0$), giving its essential shape, local extrema, and asymptotic behavior.
 (b) Prove that if s and t are distinct positive integers such that $s^t = t^s$, then either $s = 2$ and $t = 4$, or $s = 4$ and $t = 2$.
2. (a) Use the mean value theorem or any other method to evaluate $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \sin(x + \frac{1}{x}) - \sin x$.
 (b) Suppose a continuous function $f: [0, 1] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ satisfies that $f(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$, $\forall x \in [0, 1]$. Determine the range of f .
3. Evaluate the line integral $\int_C xy^2 + 2x^2y dy$, where C is the ellipse $x^2 + 2y^2 = 1$ oriented counter-clockwise.
4. Let $F(x) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos(kx)}{k^3}$, ($x \in \mathbb{R}$).
 (a) Compute $\int_0^{2\pi} F(x) dx$. Justify the process of your calculation.
 (b) Compute $F'(x)$. Justify the process of your calculation.
5. Let $f: [0, 1] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}: f(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } x \notin \{\frac{1}{n} : n \in \mathbb{N}\} \\ x, & \text{if } x \in \{\frac{1}{n} : n \in \mathbb{N}\} \end{cases}$.
 (a) Is f Riemann integrable? Justify your answer.
 (b) Is f Lebesgue integrable? Justify your answer.
6. Suppose that (i) f and $\frac{\partial f}{\partial t}$ are continuous on $[a, b] \times [c, d]$,
 (ii) $h: [c, d] \rightarrow [a, b]$ is continuously differentiable.
 Define $G: [a, b] \times [c, d] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}: G(x, t) = \int_a^x f(s, t) ds$.
 (a) Compute $\frac{\partial G}{\partial x}$ and $\frac{\partial G}{\partial t}$.
 (b) $\frac{d}{dt} \int_a^{h(t)} f(s, t) ds = ?$