

1. Let  $V$  and  $W$  be vector spaces over the field  $F$  and  $\dim V$ , the dimension of  $V$ , finite. Let  $T: V \rightarrow W$  be a linear transformation of  $V$  into  $W$ . Prove that

$$\dim V = \dim \ker T + \dim T(V).$$

[Here  $\ker T$  denotes the kernel of  $T$  and  $T(V)$  denotes the image of  $T$ .] (15%)

2. Let  $V$  denote the vector space of functions that are linear combinations of  $e^x$ ,  $xe^x$ ,  $x^2e^x$  and  $e^{2x}$ . Define  $T: V \rightarrow V$  by  $T(f) = \frac{d}{dx}(f)$

for every  $f \in V$ . Find both a Jordan canonical form and a Jordan canonical basis for  $T$ . (20%)

3. Let  $V = \{(x, y, z) \mid x, y, z \in \mathbb{C}\}$  be a vector space over the complex field  $\mathbb{C}$  with the Euclidean inner product  $u \cdot v = \sum_{i=1}^3 u_i \overline{v_i}$

where  $u = (u_1, u_2, u_3)$ ,  $v = (v_1, v_2, v_3) \in \mathbb{C}^3 = V$ .

Apply the Gram-Schmidt process to transform the basis  $(i, i, i)$ ,  $(0, i, i)$ ,  $(0, 0, i)$  into an orthonormal basis.

[Here  $i = \sqrt{-1}$ .] (15%)