國立成功大學月2 學年度 在教 许考試(茶碟數學(C)-1試題) # 2 頁

Linear Algebra

1993

Let V be a vector space over the field of real numbers R.

- 1. Let V_1 and V_2 be sunspaces of V. Show that
 - (i) $V_1 \cap V_2$ is a subspace of V. (4%)
 - (ii) $V_1 + V_2$ is a subspace of V. (4%)
 - (iii) dim V_1 + dim V_2 = dim $(V_1 + V_2)$, provided that V is finite dimensional and $V_1 \cap V_2 = \{0\}$. (8%)
- 2. Suppose that $\{u, v\} \subset V$. Show that $\{u, v\}$ is linearly independent if and only if $\{2u + v, u 2v\}$ is linearly independent. (8%)
- 3. Let V be finite dimensional and $T: V \to V$ be linear. Show that T is one-to-one if and only if T is onto. You may apply the Dimension Theorem. (8%)
- 4. Let A be a real, symmetric matrix and $\lambda_1 \neq \lambda_2$ be two distinct eigenvalues of A. Let v_1 and v_2 be the eigenvectors corresponding to λ_1 and λ_2 , respectively. Show that v_1 and v_2 are orthogonal. (8%)
- 5. Let

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Find an orthogonal matrix P and a diagonal matrix D such that $A = P^{T}DP$ where P^{T} denote the transpose of P. (10%)

基礎数學(C)-2

國立成功大學 82 學年度蓬散所 考試(離散教學 試題)第2 頁 碩士班(面)

PART II.

1. Show that the following procedure is correct with the initial assertion

AI : n > 0

and the final assertion

1 <--- 1 + 1 end

end.

2. The Ackermann's function is defined on $\{0,1,2,3,\ldots\}$ X $\{0,1,2,3\ldots\}$ by

$$A(m, n) = \begin{cases} n+1, & \text{if } m=0, \\ A(m-1, 1), & \text{if } n=0, \\ A(m-1, A(m, n-1)), & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Find the values of A(1, 3) and A(2, 5).

10%

10%

3. Let $f: A \longrightarrow B$ be a function and define the relation R on the set A by $\times R y$ if and only if f(a) = f(y),

where x and y are in A. Show that R is an equivalence relation on A. 10%

- 4. Show that the Bubble sort for n elements is an $O(n^2)$ algorithm. 10%
- Use Boolean algebra to design an adder(a device does the arithmetic addtion) and explain how it works.

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