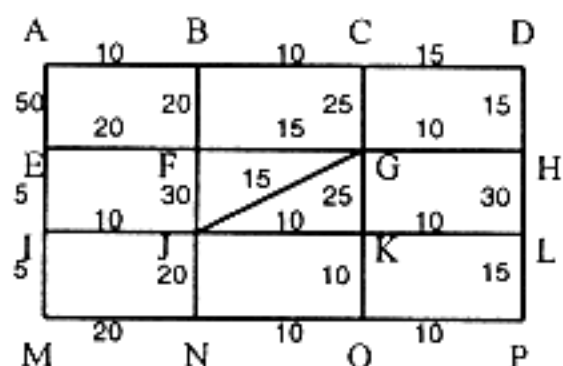


89 學年度 計算機概論與離散數學

- Let  $B, C$  and  $D$  be any natural numbers. Let  $a_0 = 1, a_1 = 5$ , and  $(\forall n \geq 2)[a_n = 2a_{n-1} + Ba_{n-2} + Cn + D]$ . Find natural numbers  $B, C, D \geq 10$  such that the following is true:  $(\forall n \geq 10)[a_n \equiv 1 \pmod{4}]$ . Justify your answer. 10%
- Seventeen different integers are chosen from  $1, 2, 3, \dots, 30$ . Show that at least a pair of the numbers chosen differ by 3. Can you show this for 15 integers? Explain your answer. 10%
- Consider the following weighted graph.



- Find a short path from point  $A$  to point  $P$ . 10%
  - Suppose you have a subroutine implementing the Dijkstra's algorithm and a computer equipped with 4 CPUs. Design an algorithm applying the subroutine and the computer to find all the shortest paths from point  $X$  to point  $Y$ , where  $X, Y \in \{A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, K, L, M, N, O, P\}$ . 10%
- In the following floating point system, a number  $x$  has the form  $x = \pm 0.b_1b_2b_3b_4 \times 10^e$ . Here  $0.b_1b_2b_3b_4$  is the mantissa. The  $b_i$  are base-10 digits and satisfy  $0 \leq b_i \leq 9$  for  $i = 1, 2, 3, 4$ . The exponent satisfies  $-99 \leq e \leq 99$ .
    - Use this floating point system to compute  $\sum_{i=1}^{20000} 3$ . We assume all integers and real numbers are represented by this floating point system. 10%
    - What is the absolute error of the answer in part (i)? 10%
  - Define  $x_{i+1} = f(x_i)$ , for  $i \geq 0$  and  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x & \text{if } 0 \leq x < 0.5, \\ 2(1-x) & \text{if } 0.5 \leq x \leq 1. \end{cases}$ 
    - Let  $x_0 = 0.2$ . Compute the value of  $x_{2000}$ . 10%
    - Consider a computer equipped with a Pentium III 733 MHz CPU and implementing IEEE double precision standards to do the arithmetic. What would you expect from the computer for the computed value of  $x_{2000}$ ? 10%
    - Let the computed value in part (ii) be  $\hat{x}_{2000}$ . Is  $x_{2000} = \hat{x}_{2000}$ ? If yes, state your reasons; if not, explain how you may improve the accuracy? 10%
  - Suppose you have two computers: computer A has a 64-bit CPU and 128 mega-byte main memory; computer B has a 128-bit CPU and 64 mega-byte main memory. Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of each of the computers in scientific computing. 10%