48 編號:

國立成功大學九十七學年度碩士班招生考試試題

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系所:數學系應用數學

科目:高等微積分

本試題是否可以使用計算機: □可使用

囚不可使用

(請命題老師勾選)

考試日期:0301,節次:3

## Show all works

- 1. Let  $\{a_n\}$  be a sequence of real numbers. State the definitions of  $\lim_{n\to\infty} a_n$  and  $\limsup_{n\to\infty} a_n$ . Give an exmaple of  $\{a_n\}$  for which  $\lim a_n$  exists and another for  $\lim a_n$  does not exist. What can you say about  $\limsup a_n$ ? Explain. 5%
- 2. State the definition of a metric space X and give an example of metric space that is not a Euclidean space  $\mathbb{R}^k$ . You need to verify that it is a metric space. Let  $x \in X$ . Show that the set  $\{y \in X : d(x,y) < 1\}$  is open in the metric space you give and graph the set. [5%]
- 3. State the definition of a compact set K of a metric space X. Let  $x \in X$ . Show that the set  $B_2(x) = \{y \in X : d(x,y) < 2\}$  is not compact by using the definition of compactness. 5%
- 4. Prove that every open set in  $R^1$  is the union of at most countable collection of disjoint segments,  $\bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n, b_n)$ . 10%
  - **5.** For two sequences  $\{a_n\}$  and  $\{b_n\}$ , prove that
    - [5%]
    - (a)  $\limsup_{n\to\infty} (a_n + b_n) \le \limsup_{n\to\infty} a_n + \limsup_{n\to\infty} b_n$ , (b) if in additional  $\{b_n\}$  converges,  $\limsup_{n\to\infty} (a_n + b_n) = \limsup_{n\to\infty} a_n + \lim_{n\to\infty} b_n$ . [5%]
- 6. Let  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} c_n$  converge. Show that  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} c_n x^n$  converges absolutely on -1 < x < 1. Let

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} c_n x^n.$$
 Show that  $f$  is continuous on  $(-1,1)$  and  $\lim_{x \to 1} f(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} c_n.$  [10%]

7. (a) Give an example of a double sequence  $\{a_{ij}\}$  such that  $\lim_{i\to\infty}\lim_{j\to\infty}a_{ij}\neq\lim_{j\to\infty}\lim_{i\to\infty}a_{ij}$ . Under what conditions for  $\{a_{ij}\}$  will the equality hold in the formula? [10%]

(b) Do the same for 
$$\sum_{i=1}^{\infty} \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} a_{ij} \neq \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} a_{ij}$$
. [10%]

- 8. Let f be a continuous mapping of a metric space X into a metric space Y. Prove that  $f^{-1}(V)$  is open in X for every open set V in Y. Is the converse true? Prove it or give a [10%] counterexample.
- 9. If  $f(t) = t + 2t^2 \sin \frac{1}{t}$  for  $t \neq 0$ , and f(0) = 0. Find f'(0) and prove that f'(0) is bounded on (-1,1). Does f have an inverse function in some neighborhood of 0? Give an explanation. [10%] (Hint: Use the graph of f.)
  - 10. Let series  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n$  converge and  $a_n > 0$ .
- (a) Describe a way to get a rearrangement of  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n$ , say  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a'_n$  such that  $\{a'_n\}$  is a [5%] decreasing sequence.
  - (b) Show that  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a'_n$ . (Give a direct proof.)

[10%]