

一. 選擇題，共四十題，每題二點五分。答錯，每題倒扣零點五分。  
二. 答案請寫在答案卷上。

1. Measured quantities, such as length, mass, or time, can be described as:  
a) sometimes certain. b) always certain. c) always uncertain. d) sometimes uncertain.
2. How many significant figures are there in the number 0.0050320?  
a) 7 b) 3 c) 8 d) 4 e) 5
3. An example of pure substance is a) pure water b) compounds c) elements d) CO  
e) all of these
4. The correct name for NaF is a) monosodium fluoride b) monosodium monofluoride  
c) sodium(I) fluoride d) sodium fluoride
5. Naturally occurring copper exists in two isotopic forms:  $^{63}\text{Cu}$  and  $^{65}\text{Cu}$ . The atomic mass of copper is 63.55 amu. What is the approximate natural abundance of  $^{63}\text{Cu}$ ?  
a) 90% b) 63% c) 70% d) 50% e) 30%
6. In which of the following does nitrogen have an oxidation number of +4?  
a)  $\text{HNO}_3$  b)  $\text{NO}_2$  c)  $\text{N}_2\text{O}$  d)  $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}$  e)  $\text{NaNO}_2$
7. Which gas has the highest density? a) He b)  $\text{Cl}_2$  c)  $\text{CH}_4$  d)  $\text{NH}_3$  e) all gas the same
8. Calculate the ratio of the effusion rates of  $\text{N}_2$  and  $\text{N}_2\text{O}$ .  
a) 0.637 b) 1.57 c) 1.25 d) 0.798 e) 1.61
9. Which of the following are state functions? I. energy II. work III. enthalpy IV. heat  
a) I, II b) I, III c) II, III d) I, II, III e) All
10. For the reaction  $\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l}) \rightarrow \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{g})$  at 298K, 1.0 atm,  $\Delta H$  is more positive than  $\Delta E$  by 2.5 kJ/mol. This quantity of energy can be considered to be a) the heat flow required to maintain a constant temperature b) the work done in pushing back the atmosphere  
c) the difference in the H-O bond energy in the two states d) the value of  $\Delta H$  itself  
e) none of these
11. Which of the following pairs is isoelectronic?  
a)  $\text{Li}^+$ ,  $\text{K}^+$  b)  $\text{Na}^+$ , Ne c)  $\text{I}^-$ ,  $\text{Cl}^-$  d)  $\text{S}^{2-}$ , Ne e)  $\text{Al}^{3+}$ ,  $\text{B}^{3+}$
12. How many of the following molecules -  $\text{SF}_2$ ,  $\text{SF}_4$ ,  $\text{SF}_6$ ,  $\text{SiO}_2$  - are polar?  
a) 0 b) 1 c) 2 d) 3 e) 4
13. According to VSEPR theory, which of the following species has a square planar molecular structure? a)  $\text{TeBr}_4$  b)  $\text{CH}_4$  c)  $\text{IF}_5$  d)  $\text{XeF}_4$  e)  $\text{SiCl}_4$
14. What is the bond order of  $\text{C}_2^{+}$ ? a) 0 b) 1/2 c) 1 d) 1.5 e) 2
15. The fact that  $\text{O}_2$  is paramagnetic can be explain by a) the lewis structure. b) resonance.  
c) a violation of the octet rule. d) the molecular orbital diagram for  $\text{O}_2$ .
16. A solution of hydrogen peroxide is 30% by mass and has a density of 1.11  $\text{g}/\text{cm}^3$ . The molarity of the solution is a) 0.98 M b) 8.82 M c) 9.79 M d) 7.94 M e) none of these

(背面仍有題目,請繼續作答)

17. All the following are colligative properties except a) osmotic pressure b) boiling point elevation c) freezing point depression d) density elevation e) none of these
18. Determine the molecularity of the following elementary reaction:  $O_3 \rightarrow O_2 + O$ .  
a) unimolecular b) bimolecular c) termolecular d) quadmolecular e) can't be determined
19. If the reaction  $2HI \rightarrow H_2 + I_2$  is second order, which of the following will yield a linear plot? a)  $[HI]$  vs time b)  $1/[HI]$  vs time c)  $\log [HI]$  vs time d)  $\ln [HI]$  vs time e) none
20. The pH of a 0.100 M solution of an aqueous weak acid (HA) is 3.20. The  $K_a$  for the weak acid is a)  $6.3 \times 10^{-4}$  b)  $7.2 \times 10^{-5}$  c)  $4.0 \times 10^{-6}$  d) 3.2 e) none of these
21. How many moles of solid NaF would have to be added to 1.0 L of 1.90 M HF solution to achieve a buffer of pH 3.35? Assume there is no volume change. ( $K_a$  for HF =  $7.2 \times 10^{-4}$ )  
a) 3.1 b) 2.3 c) 1.6 d) 1.0 e) 4.9
22. Which of the following compounds has the lowest solubility in water? a)  $Al(OH)_3$ ,  $K_{sp} = 2 \times 10^{-32}$  b)  $CdS$ ,  $K_{sp} = 1 \times 10^{-28}$  c)  $PbSO_4$ ,  $K_{sp} = 1.3 \times 10^{-8}$  d)  $Sn(OH)_2$ ,  $K_{sp} = 3 \times 10^{-27}$  e)  $MgC_2O_4$ ,  $K_{sp} = 8.6 \times 10^{-5}$
23. Which of the following shows a decrease in entropy? a) precipitation b) gaseous reactants forming a liquid c) a burning piece of wood d) melting ice e) two of these
24. In which case must a reaction be spontaneous at all temperatures?  
a)  $\Delta H$  is positive,  $\Delta S$  is positive b)  $\Delta H = 0$ ,  $\Delta S$  is negative c)  $\Delta S = 0$ ,  $\Delta H$  is positive  
d)  $\Delta H$  is negative,  $\Delta S$  is positive e) none of these
25. At constant pressure, the following reaction  $2 NO_2(g) \rightarrow N_2O_4(g)$  is exothermic. The reaction is a) always spontaneous b) spontaneous at low temperatures, but not high temperatures c) spontaneous at high temperatures, but not low temperature d) never spontaneous
26. How many electrons are transferred in the following reaction?  
 $2 ClO_3^- + 12 H^+ + 10 I^- \rightarrow 5 I_2 + Cl_2 + 6 H_2O$   
a) 12 b) 5 c) 2 d) 30 e) 10
27. Which of the following is true for the cell shown here?  $Zn(s) | Zn^{2+}(aq) || Cr^{3+}(aq) | Cr(s)$   
a) The electrons flow from the cathode to the anode b) The electrons flow from the zinc to the chromium c) The electrons flow from the chromium to the zinc  
d) The chromium is oxidized e) The zinc is reduced
28. A voltaic cell has an  $E^\circ$  value of +1.00 V. The reaction a) is not spontaneous. b) has  $K=1$ . c) has  $K>1$ . d) has  $\Delta G^\circ=0$ . e) has a negative  $\Delta G^\circ$ .
29. Which oxide of a Group 2A element is not highly ionic?  
a) Be b) Mg c) Ca d) Sr e) Ba

30. The compound  $\text{SiO}_2$  does not exist as a discrete molecule while  $\text{CO}_2$  does. This can be explained because a) the Si-O bond is unstable. b) The Lewis structure of  $\text{SiO}_2$  has an even number of electrons. c) The  $\text{SiO}_2$  is a solid while  $\text{CO}_2$  is a gas. d) the 3p orbital of the Si has little overlap with the 2p of the O. e) none of these
31. The process of transforming  $\text{N}_2$  to a form usable by animals and plants is called a) nitrogen fixation. b) nitrogenation. c) denitrification. d) fertilization.
32. Which compound shows geometric isomers? a)  $[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_6]\text{Cl}_3$  b)  $[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_5\text{Cl}]\text{Cl}_2$  c)  $\text{CoCl}_2\text{Br}_2^{2-}$  (tetrahedral) d)  $\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_3\text{Cl}_3$  e) none of these
33. Which is paramagnetic? a)  $\text{Zn}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6^{2+}$  b)  $\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_6^{3+}$  (strong field) c)  $\text{Cu}(\text{CN})_3^{2-}$  d)  $\text{Mn}(\text{CN})_6^{2-}$  (strong field) e) none of these
34. Which of the following process increases the atomic number by 1? a) alpha-particle production b) electron capture c) beta-particle production d) positron production e) gamma-ray production
35. The half-life of  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  is 28 years. How long will it take for a given sample of  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  to be 90% decomposed? a) 4.3 years b) 9 half-lives c) 93 years d)  $5.7 \times 10^{-3}$  years e) none of these
36. How many isomers of  $\text{C}_4\text{H}_8$  are there? a) 6 b) 2 c) 1 d) 5 e) 3
37. Which of the following is not a structure isomer of 1-pentene? a) 2-pentene b) 1-methyl-cyclobutene c) cyclopentane d) 3-methyl-1-butene e) 2-methyl-2-butene
38. Which ion is planar? a)  $\text{SO}_3^{2-}$  b)  $\text{CO}_3^{2-}$  c)  $\text{NH}_4^+$  d)  $\text{ClO}_3^-$  e) all are
39. Which of the following becomes more soluble in water upon addition of  $\text{NaOH}$ ? a) an amine b) a carboxylic acid c) an aldehyde d) an alkane e) an aromatic hydrocarbon
40. Which of the following will yield a carboxylic acid upon oxidation? a) a secondary alcohol b) tertiary alcohol c) a cycloalkane d) a ketone e) an aldehyde