

A Test of English Listening Comprehension 1995  
for Transfer Students to the Department of Foreign Languages and Literature,  
National Cheng Kung University

There are three parts to this section of the test, with special directions for Part A, Part B, and Part C, respectively.

Part A

Directions: From among the four provided choices lettered A, B, C, and D, choose the most appropriate answer after you hear a sentence. Then on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and fill in the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen. Fill in the space so that the letter inside the oval cannot be seen. Each sentence will be spoken just one time. Therefore, you must listen carefully to understand what the speaker(s) says. Now let us begin with question number 1.

1. The speaker is probably in \_\_\_\_.  
A. a library                      B. a bookstore  
C. a lounge                        D. a bank
2. Tomorrow will be \_\_\_\_.  
A. overcast                        B. sunny  
C. cold                              D. rainy
3. The person leaving the passage is probably a \_\_\_\_.  
A. sales                            B. mechanic  
C. librarian                        D. professor
4. The speaker is a \_\_\_\_.  
A. teaching assistant            B. nurse  
C. medical doctor                D. psychiatrist
5. The speaker is referring to a(n) \_\_\_\_.  
A. architect                        B. entrepreneur  
C. programmer                    D. opportunist
6. Linda is a \_\_\_\_.  
A. native American                B. South African  
C. South American                D. North American
7. The speaker is a \_\_\_\_ major.  
A. pre-med                         B. pre-law  
C. language                        D. business
8. The speaker came here with his family \_\_\_\_.  
A. for summer vacation          B. during Christmas time  
C. for the spring break          D. for fall semester
9. The speaker is \_\_\_\_ going to Cyndy's party.  
A. is                                 B. is not  
C. has thought about            D. hasn't thought about
10. The speaker is giving his \_\_\_\_ number.  
A. street                            B. course  
C. phone                            D. credit card
11. The speaker is going to register for \_\_\_\_ quarter.  
A. fall                                B. winter  
C. spring                            D. summer
12. Whom is the speaker talking to?  
A. A dentist                        B. A prospective tenant  
C. A registrar                      D. A prospective landlord

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(背面仍有題目,請繼續作答)

13. The speaker is referring to how to \_\_\_\_.  
A. pass the English Placement Test      B. make a bookcase  
C. drive safely in the freeway            D. prevent burglary
14. The speaker was giving an explanation about his \_\_\_\_.  
A. failing the exam                          B. late rent payment  
C. absence from the conference            D. weekend trip
15. The company has a(n) \_\_\_\_ policy.  
A. first-come-first-served                B. emergency service  
C. information service                      D. 9-5 service hours
16. If you want to report a missing car, you should dial \_\_\_\_.  
A. 404-1491    B. 404-1411    C. 404-1611    D. 404-9141
17. The speaker is talking about \_\_\_\_.  
A. library facilities                        B. sports activities  
C. vacation plans                          D. financial plans
18. According to the speaker, Mary Leech \_\_\_\_.  
A. doesn't want a roommate                B. doesn't want to leave  
C. asks us to leave her alone               D. prefers to share her apartment
19. According to the speaker, the lunch today \_\_\_\_.  
A. didn't include apples                    B. wasn't hot enough  
C. didn't look very good                    D. wasn't available
20. The speaker is referring to a bank's \_\_\_\_.  
A. safety deposit box                        B. home improvement loan  
C. automated banking machine              D. Investor's savings plan

Part B

Directions: In Part B you will hear short conversations between two speakers. At the end of each conversation, a third person will ask a question about what was said. You will hear each conversation and the question about it just one time. Therefore, you must listen carefully to understand what each speaker says. After you hear a conversation and the question about it, read the four possible answers in your test book and decide which one is the best answer to the question you heard. Then on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and fill in the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen.

Look at the following example.

You will hear:

- You will read:
- A. Present Professor Smith with a picture.
  - B. Photograph Professor Smith.
  - C. Put glass over the photograph.
  - D. Replace the broken headlight.

From the conversation you learn that the woman thinks Professor Smith would like a photograph of the class. The best answer to the question "What does the woman think the class should do?" is A, "Present Professor Smith with a picture." Therefore, you should answer A.

Now let us begin Part B with question number 21.

21. A. He'll keep them for the woman.  
B. He'll help the woman move them.  
C. He can carry them with one hand.  
D. He has a few more of them for the woman.
22. A. He spends too much money.  
B. He bought an expensive watch.  
C. He really does like television.  
D. He should watch more television.
23. A. Booking a flight to Spain.  
B. Studying continually for two days.  
C. Paying for private lessons.  
D. Giving Spanish tests to students.
24. A. It was not very good.  
B. The woman probably won't attend it.  
C. There will be two seminars instead of four.  
D. It will continue the following week.
25. A. She doesn't understand how Judy got her job.  
B. She wonders how Judy does so many things.  
C. She's surprised Judy is working in management.  
D. She thinks Judy never should have taken a computer course.
26. A. Get out of the car.  
B. Pay the parking fine.  
C. Take his coat off.  
D. Make a right turn.
27. A. It's even harder than people say.  
B. It's hard to know what to believe about it.  
C. He doesn't believe it's hard for everybody.  
D. It's not as hard as he'd thought.
28. A. They were sold out.  
B. They had already been picked up.  
C. They hadn't been printed.  
D. They weren't supposed to be sold.
29. A. Give Marsha a check for the bookshelf she sold him.  
B. Ask Marsha where she wants to put the bookshelf.  
C. Check for the book on Marsha's shelf.  
D. Ask Marsha if she has an extra bookshelf.
30. A. At a science exhibit.  
B. At a news conference.  
C. Near an art museum.  
D. Near a paint store.

31. A. The woman received the best score.  
B. He was sure his term project was good.  
C. The term project was finished.  
D. His score was better than the woman's.
32. A. Talk to the class about a field trip.  
B. Get to know his classmates by talking to them.  
C. Have the professor give lectures outside the class.  
D. Convince his classmates not to argue with the professor.
33. A. He's very inventive.  
B. He isn't very thorough.  
C. He isn't easy to approach.  
D. He creates problems for himself.
34. A. Forget them until later.  
B. Move them away from the coffee cup.  
C. Discuss them with professor Johnson.  
D. Go over them right away.
35. A. She has finished only one step.  
B. The redecorating is being done gradually.  
C. She doesn't have any more time for redecorating.  
D. It's time for the work to be finished.

Part C

Directions: In this part of the test, you will hear short talks and conversations. After each of them, you will be asked some questions. You will hear the talks and conversations and the questions about them just one time. They will not be written out for you. Therefore, you must listen carefully to understand what each speaker says. After you hear a question, read the four possible answers in your test book and decide which one is the best answer to the question you heard. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and fill in the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen.

Answer all questions on the basis of what is stated or implied in the talk or conversation.

Listen to the sample talk.

You will hear:

Now look at the following example.

You will hear:

- You will read:
- A. They are impossible to guide.
  - B. They may go up in flames.
  - C. They tend to leak gas.
  - D. They are cheaply made.

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(背面仍有題目,請繼續作答)

The best answer to the question "Why are gas balloons considered dangerous?" is B, "They may go up in flames." Therefore, you should choose answer B.

Now look at the next example.

You will hear:

You will read: A. Watch for changes in weather.  
B. Watch their altitude.  
C. Check for weak spots in their balloons.  
D. Test the strength of the ropes.

The best answer to the question "According to the speaker, what must balloon pilots be careful to do?" is A, "Watch for changes in weather." Therefore, you should choose answer A.

Now let us begin Part C with question number 36.

36. A. In a concert hall.  
B. At a construction site.  
C. In a music classroom.  
D. In a recording studio.
37. A. A musical-comedy troupe.  
B. An orchestra.  
C. A ballet company.  
D. A choir.
38. A. To raise funds for Carnegie Hall.  
B. To review the works of Leonard Bernstein.  
C. To support the National Musical Excellence Society.  
D. To invest money in the Cleveland Symphony Orchestra.
39. A. 19.  
B. 50.  
C. 100.  
D. 350.
40. A. A. In a restaurant.  
B. In the main lobby.  
C. At a music school.  
D. At the speaker's home.
41. A. He was taking a walk.  
B. He was talking to Professor Calhoun.  
C. He was having problems with his car.  
D. He was eating dinner.
42. A. Admission forms.  
B. Solar energy.  
C. Auto maintenance.  
D. Course requirements for engineers.

43. A. Three.  
B. Four.  
C. Five.  
D. Six.
44. A. One.  
B. Two.  
C. Three.  
D. Four.
45. A. Drive her to the lecture.  
B. Borrow her car.  
C. Get his car repaired.  
D. Let her give him a ride.
46. A. To report the latest advances in brain surgery.  
B. To relate an experiment combining sleep and exercise.  
C. To make recommendations on sensible dieting.  
D. To advise on ways of dealing with sleeping difficulties.
47. A. You become too tired to sleep.  
B. Your heart rate is lowered.  
C. It becomes harder to relax.  
D. Sleep rhythms are disrupted.
48. A. Failure to rest during the day.  
B. Vigorous exercise in the evening.  
C. Eating cheese before going to bed.  
D. Lack of sleep on weekends.
49. A. They might eventually cause you to lose sleep.  
B. They make it unnecessary to take naps.  
C. They help produce a neurotransmitter in the brain.  
D. You must not drink milk if you take them.
50. A. In a lecture hall.  
B. In a biology lab.  
C. At a radio station.  
D. At a doctor's office.