## 臺灣綜合大學系統 106 學年度 轉學生聯合招生考試

# 試題

類組:A04/C07/C08

科目名稱:普通生物學

科目代碼:A0401

類組代碼 | A04/C07/C08 普通生物學 科目名稱 科目碼 A0401 ※本項考試依簡章規定各考科均「不可以」使用計算機 木科試題共計 6 頁 單選題共50題,每題2分,答錯不倒扣。 1. A drug binds to the active site of the enzyme and it prevents substrate binding. This drug is a A) competitive activator B) allosteric inhibitor C) allosteric activator D) competitive inhibitor 2. The nucleolus in a cell nucleus is the site of A) chromosome replication B) uncoiling chromosomes C) ribosome assembly D) protein synthesis What do we usually call the reactant in an enzyme-catalyzed reaction? 3. A) substrate B) catalyst C) coenzyme D) product During glycolysis, how many net ATP molecule(s) does a molecule of glucose can generate? A) 0 B) 2 C) 4 D) 8 5. What step in cellular respiration occurs in the cytoplasm of eukaryotic cells? A) Glycolysis B) ATP synthesis C) The Krebs cycle D) The electron transport chain 6. What step in plant photosynthesis occurs the splitting of water and the generation of oxygen? A) Photosystem I B) Photosystem II C) The Calvin Cycle D) The Krebs Cycle 7. What molecule is the electron donor for the light dependent reaction in plant photosynthesis? A) carbon dioxide B) oxygen C) RuBP D) water 8. Which type of plant can utilize the Calvin cycle? A) C<sub>3</sub> plants B) C<sub>4</sub> plants C) CAM plants D) C<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>4</sub>, and CAM plants 9. The cell surface receptors that can act only indirectly on plasma membrane-bound enzymes or ion channels are called as A) G protein-coupled receptors B) gated ion channels C) enzymatic receptors D) second messenger receptors 10. What enzyme phosphorylates MAP kinase?

A) MAP B) MAP kinase C) MAP kinase kinase D) MAP phosphatase

<u>奉</u>	言綜合大学系統 100 学年度学士班轉学生期	合招生考	試試題
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	試依簡章規定各考科均「不可以」使用計算機	水井高速的	計 6.頁
	are 24 sister chromatids in a normal somatic cell. How many cB) 12 C) 24 D) 48	hromosomes	are there?
	structures demonstrate the sites of crossing over? smata B) centromeres C) kinetochores D) spindle fibers		
	any Barr bodies can be found in a diploid cell from a normal l B) 1 C) 2 D) 4	human female	e?
	DNA replication, which enzyme removes the RNA primers as A pol I B) DNA pol III C) DNA primase D) DNA ligase	nd fills in the	gap?
These	ryotic mRNA molecules contain non-coding sequences that calon-coding sequences are codons B) introns C) exons D) nucleosomes	in be removed	i before translation
A) mR	RNA (miRNA) can regulate gene expression by binding direct NA to prevent transcription B) mRNA to prevent translation ption D) tRNA to prevent translation	•	prevent
A) a D domair	re two distinct domains for specific transcription factors in eul NA-binding domain and an operator domain B) a DNA-bind C) a DNA-binding domain and a repressor domain D) a D or domain	ing domain a	nd an activation
	st common DNA-binding motif is the helical zipper B) leucine zipper C) zinc finger D) helix-t	urn-helix	
	yme dicer can chop dsRNA molecules into small pieces and the IA and miRNA B) miRNA and siRNA C) siRNA and rRN	•	A and siRNA
	ulate recombination frequency between genes to generate a tic map B) physical map C) restriction map D) haplotype	e map	

21. Which model organism we can find a complete cell lineage map?

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	A) C. ele	egans B) Drosophila C) mouse D) rice		
22.	their tend population A) an inc	owering plants show disassortative mating by preventing self- dency to mate with different phenotypes. What effect would do on in Hardy-Weinberg equilibrium? crease in heterozygotes B) an increase in homozygotes C) in Hardy-Weinberg equilibrium	lisassortativ	e mating make on
23.	A) genot	relection for a certain phenotype will affect the ype of a population B) genotype of an individual C) allele frequency of an individual	e frequency	of a population
24.	The evolution call  A) divergen	ution of similar forms in different lineages if exposed to the s		ve pressures. We
25.	A) all me included	hyletic group is that embers share homoplastic traits B) not all descendants of the C) all members of the group share a common ancestor that oup does not contain the most recent common ancestor		I
26.	sequence	nave been mutated by introducing stop codons or transposons and they are no longer expressed. We call these genes as logues B) orthologues C) paralogues D) pseudogenes	disrupting	within the coding
		arrangement of gene order due to inversions B) the constant ades C) only observed in closely related clades D) the cor		
	A) disrupt C) trigger	ting a cancer-causing gene B) inserting cancer causing geneing cell division through attachment to a cell surface receptor of cancer-causing genes present in the genome		

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29.	A) an ab	the strong evidence to suggest a protist is phagotrophic? oundance of lysosomes B) locomotion using polar flagella nic lifestyle		dioxide cell wall
30.	Which n	utrient would mycorrhizae be especially effective in helping gen B) phosphorus C) potassium D) magnesium	plant roots t	uptake?
31.	A) Oils h	many seeds contain oils form in a significant part of the nutrinelp keep the embryo hydrated, allowing the seed to survive in dedensity of the seed and allow for water dispersal C) Hornoils D) Oils store twice as much energy as an equivalent materials.	in dry habita mones diffus	ats B) The oils se more quickly
32.	can produ	oietin stimulates red blood cell production in the bone marrouce erythropoietin?  ys B) heart C) liver D) pituitary	w. What noi	nendocrine orgar
33.		fibrils consist of both thin and thick filaments. The thick filar B) troponin C) myosin D) tropomyosin	ments are co	omposed of
34.		has not eaten for three days, what molecule will be in high len. B) glucagon C) glycogen D) blood glucose	vel?	
		id accumulates in high level in joints of humans, we refer this sclerosis B) hypertension C) diabetes insipidus D) gout		as
	tubules by	rates, most of the fluid that ultimately exits the body as urine y the process of on B) excretion C) absorption D) filtration	first enters	the nephron
		s are the precursors of macrophages?  B) monocytes C) plasma cells D) T cells		
		lls produce antibodies?  B) monocytes C) plasma cells D) macrophages		

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39.		elecule would prompt monthly preparation of uterus for pregnation of ut	ancy?	
40.	What molecule stimulates ovulation?  A) progesterone B) FSH, or follicle-stimulating hormone C) LH, or luteinizing hormone D) estradiol			
41.		ncture is formed from both fetal and maternal tissue? on B) amnion C) yolk sac D) placenta		
42.		tor will make the strongest influence on the cleavage pattern of ation temperature B) amount of yolk C) maturity of cytoples.	=	
43.	call it as	ee of parental investment required often results in the non-range.  y B) preferability C) mate choice D) allopatry	dom mating	; behavior and we
44.	eaten by l	nts can produce chemicals that play the significant role in pronerbivores or predators. We call these chemicals as ry compounds B) secondary compounds C) detergents D		ts from being
45.	•	that a species fits in its environment can be called as ce partitioning B) its habitat C) its niche D) intraspecific	competitic	on.
		ompetition shapes ecological communities because there are use B) resources C) interactions D) space	ısually limi	ted in
		n enzymes are what type of enzymes? ses B) lipases C) endonucleases D) exonucleases		
		p of PCR requires a heat stable polymerase? sis B) annealing of primers C) denaturation D) digestion	1	
		that communities evolve to have greater biomass and species sion B) adaptive modifications C) sympatric interactions		

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50.	Where is	the "respiratory control center" located?		
50.		x B) cerebellum C) spinal cord D) medulla oblongata		
ļ		by concentration of spiniar cord by moduliar colonigata		
				;