國立成功大學 83 學年度 轉學生考試(普通化學 試題) # 2 頁

説明: 1. 答案一律寫在試卷上,否則不予計分。

- 2. 請依序作答、並標明題號,但不必抄題。
- 3. 計算題必須寫出計算過程,否則不予計分。

一、選擇題:(30%,不倒扣,毎題3分)

- 1. The number of isomeric forms for the $[Co(en)_2Cl_2]^+$ complex is (a) one (b) two (c) three (d) four (e) five.
- 2. If the molar solubility of a slight soluble hypothetical salt MX_2 is given by x, the K_{sp} is equal to
 - (a) $4x^3$ (b) $x^3/4$ (c) $2x^3$ (d) $x^3/2$ (e) $x^3/8$.
- 3. Predict the structure and polarity of the SO₂ molecules.
 - (a) linear, polar (b) linear, nonpolar (c) bent, polar (d) bent, nonpolar
 - (e) none of the above
- 4. Which one has the smallest first ionization energy in the following atoms?

 (a) He (b) Na (c) Ar (d) Rb (e) Xe
- 5. The bonding orbital that results from the association of two s orbitals is given the symbol
 - (a) σs (b) $\sigma^* s$ (c) σp (d) $\sigma^* p$ (e) $\pi^* p$.
- 6. If a process is both endothermic and spontaneous then (a) $\Delta S > 0$ (b) $\Delta S < 0$ (c) $\Delta H < 0$ (d) $\Delta G > 0$ (e) $\Delta E = 0$.
- 7. If an ideal gas is expanded at constant pressure
 - (a) $\Delta E > 0$ and $\Delta S > 0$ (b) $\Delta E = 0$ and $\Delta S = 0$ (c) $\Delta E = 0$ and $\Delta S < 0$
 - (d) $\Delta E < 0$ and $\Delta S > 0$ (e) $\Delta E = 0$ and $\Delta S > 0$
- 8. For the reaction A + 2B \rightarrow 2C, the rate law for formation of C is
 - (a) rate = $k[A][B]^2$ (b) rate = k[A][B] (c) rate = $[C]^2/[A][B]^2$
 - (d) rate = $k[A]^2[B]$ (e) impossible to state from the data given.
- 9. What is the following statements about a reaction occurring in a galvanic cell is true?
 - (a) If $\Delta \mathcal{E}_{cell} > 0$, $\Delta G < 0$ (b) If $\Delta \mathcal{E}_{cell}^{o} < 0$, $\Delta G < 0$ (c) If $\Delta \mathcal{E}_{cell}^{o} < 0$, $K_{eq} > 1$
 - (d) If $\Delta \mathcal{E}_{cell} < 0$, $K_{eq} > 1$ (e) If $\Delta \mathcal{E}_{cell} > 0$, $K_{eq} > 1$
- 10. Which of the following compounds contains both covalent and ionic bonds?
 - (a) CCl₄ (b) HOH (c) NaOH (c) NaCl (d) CH₃COOH (e) none of the above

(下接第二頁)

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二、問答與計算: (70%)

- 1. Write the chemical formulas for the following compounds: (8%)
 - (a) chloric acid (b) copper (II) sulfate pentahydrate
 - (c) polystyrene (d) sodium hexacyanoferrate (II)
- 2. Classify the following oxides as acidic, basic, or amphoteric: (a) Rb₂O, (b) BeO, (c) As₂O₅, and explain briefly. (6%)
- 3. Give the electronic configuration, the bond order and the magnetic property for each of the following, and predict whether it will be a stable or unstable molecule.
 (a) H₂⁺ (b) He₂ (c) O₂ (6%)
- 4. Write the half reactions of oxidation and reduction for rust ($Fe_2O_3 \cdot xH_2O$) formation. (4%)
- 5. Please list six different units of "energy" such as Joule. (3%)
- 6. What is the photoelectric effect? Explain it in detail (including the frequency and intensity of the incident light). Who introduced it to the quantum concept? (6%)
- 7. The police often use a breath analyzer to test drivers suspected of being drunk. The chemical basis of it is a redox reaction. The alcohol (ethanol) in the breath is converted to acetic acid in the presence of potassium dichromate (K₂Cr₂O₇) and sulfuric acid. Please balance this chemical reaction. (5%)
- 8. Predict the *number of unpaired electrons* in the following complex ions: (a) $[Cr(CN)_6]^{4-}$ (b) $[Cr(H_2O)_6]^{2+}$ (c) $[Fe(CN)_6]^{4-}$ (6%)
- 9. How many oxidation states (or oxidation numbers) of nitrogen element (N)? Give an example for each oxidation state. (5%)
- 10. Calculate the *energy* (in cm⁻¹) and the *wavelength* (in nm) of H_{α} line in atomic hydrogen emission spectrum. (Rydberg constant of hydrogen $R = 109678 \text{ cm}^{-1}$) (5%)
- 11. The conversion of cyclopropane to propene in the gas phase is a firs-order reaction with a constant of $6.7 \times 10^{-4} \text{ s}^{-1}$ at 500°C . Calculate the half-life $(t_{1/2})$ of the reaction. (5%)
- 12. What are the concentration of H⁺ ion and percentage hydrolysis of a 0.10 M NH₄Cl solution? (K_a of NH₄⁺ = 5.6 x 10⁻¹⁰) (5%)
- 13. The molar solubility of Mg(OH)₂ in pure water is 1.4 x 10⁻⁴M at 25°C. Calculate its molar solubility in a buffer medium whose pH is (a) 12.00 and (b) 9.00 (6%)